

BEGIN — NOVEMBER 20, 1960

30.24-13465

A52

(200)

7624

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., NOV. 20 (AP)—POLAND PROPOSES THAT A U. N. REPORT ON THE CONSEQUENCES OF NUCLEAR WARFARE BE PREPARED AND PUBLISHED TO GENERATE PUBLIC DEMAND FOR DISARMAMENT.

A POLISH RESOLUTION THAT THE U. N. SECRETARIAT CIRCULATED TO DELEGATIONS TODAY SEEKS TO HAVE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ESTABLISH A COMMITTEE OF SCIENTISTS TO WORK UP THE REPORT.

THE RESOLUTION, WHICH POLAND HANDED IN LATE YESTERDAY, SAYS AT THE OUTSET THAT A NUCLEAR WAR "WOULD THREATEN MANKIND WITH UNPRECEDENTED DESTRUCTION AND MISERY" AND "TURN THE WORLD INTO RUINS."

IT WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY EXPRESS THE OPINION THAT WORLD PUBLIC OPINION, "IF AWAKENED TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF WAR, COULD CONSTITUTE AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN BRINGING ABOUT AN AGREEMENT ON GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT."

IT PROPOSES THAT THE ASSEMBLY NAME GOVERNMENTS TO A COMMITTEE "TO PREPARE A REPORT ON THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, IN PARTICULAR, WITH REGARD TO HUMAN LIFE AND HEALTH (AND) TO (THE) MATERIAL AND CULTURAL HERITAGE OF MANKIND."

THE COMMITTEE WOULD FINISH THE REPORT BY NEXT JUNE 1 AND SEND IT TO ALL THE UNITED NATIONS' 99 MEMBER COUNTRIES, WHICH WOULD BE ASKED TO PUBLISH IT IN THEIR LANGUAGES AND DISSEMINATE IT WIDELY BY ALL POSSIBLE MEANS.

THE REPORT ALSO WOULD BE SUBMITTED TO "THE ORGAN WHICH WILL CARRY ON DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS," PRESENTLY SUSPENDED, AND TAKEN UP AT THE 1961 SESSION OF THE U. N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

GJ337PES

A101DX (LX)

(110)

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., NOV. 20 (AP)—THE NORTH AMERICAN AIR DEFENSE COMMAND TODAY DENIED PUBLISHED REPORTS IN LONDON THAT BRITISH PLANES WITH A COUNTER-RADAR DEVICE FLEW UNDETECTED OVER THE UNITED STATES.

A SPOKESMAN FOR NORAD SAID 11 PLANES OF THE ROYAL AIR FORCE FLEW TO GOOSE AIR BASE, LABRADOR, BETWEEN NOV. 12 AND NOV. 16. HE SAID "ALL WERE NOTED ON RADAR AND IDENTIFIED AS FRIENDLY."

COL. BARNEY OLDFIELD, NORAD'S CHIEF OF INFORMATION, SAID SOME OF THE PLANES FLEW ON TO OFFUTT AIR FORCE BASE IN OMAHA, NEB.,

COL. BARNEY OLDFIELD, NORAD'S CHIEF OF INFORMATION, SAID SOME OF THE PLANES FLEW ON TO OFFUTT AIR FORCE BASE IN OMAHA, NEB., AND THEN RETURNED TO ENGLAND.

"WE WEREN'T ASKED TO TRACK THE PLANES," OLDFIELD COMMENTED.

THE LONDON REPORTS SAID THE RAF PLANES WERE TESTING A BRITISH-DEVELOPED DEVICE TO COUNTERACT RADAR DETECTION.

LF659PMS NM

A1

SVOLVAER, NORWAY, NOV. 20 (AP)—NORWEGIAN FISHERMEN RETURNING FROM THE BARENTS SEA SAID TODAY A GREAT MANY SOVIET SUBMARINES, DESTROYERS AND TORPEDO BOATS WERE OBSERVED IN MANEUVERS THERE AT THE END OF OCTOBER AND BEGINNING OF NOVEMBER.

THE FISHERMEN SAID SUBMARINES SEEMED TO PLAY A MUCH MORE IMPORTANT PART IN THIS EXERCISE THAN IN OTHER RUSSIAN NAVAL WAR GAMES THEY HAD OBSERVED.

WESTERN AUTHORITIES CREDIT THE SOVIET UNION WITH THE WORLD'S BIGGEST SUBMARINE FLEET—ABOUT 500 OF VARIOUS TYPES.

QR1201PES

A35

(250)

BY JACK KOEHLER

BONN, GERMANY, NOV. 20 (AP)—THE UNITED STATES WILL ASK WEST GERMANY TO PUT UP NEARLY \$1.5 BILLION IN FOREIGN AID AND IN CONTRIBUTIONS TO WEST EUROPEAN DEFENSE, USUALLY RELIABLE SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THIS TENDED TO CONFIRM A HINT BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER THAT A REPORTED WEST GERMAN OFFER OF BETWEEN \$852 MILLION AND \$909 MILLION WOULD NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO STEM THE DRAIN ON THE U.S. DOLLAR AND GOLD RESERVES.

INFORMANTS SAID SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT B. ANDERSON AND UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE C. DOUGLAS DILLON WILL MAKE THE REQUEST AT THE U.S.-WEST GERMAN ECONOMIC TALKS OPENING AT THE CHANCELLORY HERE TOMORROW.

U.S. OFFICIALS WOULD NOT COMMENT ON THE REPORT.

THE SOURCES SAID THE BULK OF THE MONEY WOULD GO TO FOREIGN AID, BUT NO EXACT PERCENTAGE WAS GIVEN.

ANDERSON AND DILLON ARRIVED HERE FROM WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT AT THE HEAD OF A 24-MAN TEAM OF EXPERTS. THEY MET WITH OFFICIALS OF THE U.S. EMBASSY AT THE RESIDENCE OF AMBASSADOR WALTER DOWLING TODAY.

CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER, FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO AND ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD WILL BE PRESENT AT THE OPENING OF THE DISCUSSIONS TOMORROW.

THE WEST GERMANS HAVE NOT OFFICIALLY SAID HOW MUCH MONEY THEY WERE WILLING TO PUT UP AS FOREIGN AID.

GERMAN OFFICIALS HAVE SAID THEY WERE PREPARING FOR TOUGH BARGAINING SESSIONS. AT THE SAME TIME, EISENHOWER IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE INSTRUCTED ANDERSON TO ADOPT A FIRM ATTITUDE IN THE TALKS.

ANDERSON HAS SAID THAT HE WOULD BRING UP THE PROBLEM OF U.S. TROOPS COSTS IN GERMANY, ANOTHER IMPORTANT CAUSE OF THE U.S. DOLLAR AND GOLD OUTFLOW.

THE BONN GOVERNMENT IS BELIEVED WILLING TO CONTRIBUTE MORE MONEY TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION AS A WHOLE BUT IS REPORTED AGAINST PAYING DIRECTLY FOR THE UPKEEP OF U.S. TROOPS.

KL224PED

A39 (400)

BY DAVID MASON

PARIS, NOV. 20 (AP)—VICE PRESIDENT-ELECT LYNDON B. JOHNSON, POINTEDLY CONFINING HIMSELF TO HIS POST AS SENATOR, FLEW TO PARIS TODAY AND PLUNGED INTO PREPARATIONS FOR THIS WEEK'S CONFERENCE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE PARLIAMENTARIANS.

THE TEXAN HEADS AN 18-MEMBER SENATE AND HOUSE DELEGATION.

HE CALLED A MEETING IN HIS DOWNTOWN HOTEL. THERE THE DELEGATION WENT OVER THE AGENDA FOR THE SIX-DAY CONFERENCE AND DISCUSSED POSITIONS WHICH THE BIPARTISAN GROUP WILL TAKE.

AT THE SAME TIME THE DELEGATION WAS BRIEFED BY W. RANDOLPH BURGESS, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO).

JOHNSON AND HIS WIFE, LADY BIRD, TOOK AN OVERNIGHT FLIGHT FROM WASHINGTON ON A MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT JET WHICH ARRIVED IN PARIS ABOUT DAWN. JOHNSON TOLD A SMALL GROUP OF OFFICIALS AND NEWSMEN ON ARRIVAL THAT HE WAS "VERY HAPPY TO BE BACK IN PARIS." IT IS HIS FIRST TRIP HERE IN FOUR YEARS.

HE SAID HE WILL NOT BE ABLE TO REVEAL ANYTHING ABOUT THE POLICIES OF THE NEW ADMINISTRATION UNTIL AFTER THE INAUGURATION ON JAN. 20.



ASSOCIATES SAID HE IS HERE PURELY IN HIS CAPACITY AS A SENATOR AND THAT ANY STATEMENTS OR SPEECHES HE MAKES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN THAT CONTEXT AND NOT AS COMING FROM A SPOKESMAN FOR PRESIDENT-ELECT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

JOHNSON IS SCHEDULED TO SPEAK AT THE OPENING SESSION OF THE PARLIAMENTARIANS' CONFERENCE TOMORROW. HIS SPEECH HAS BEEN SEEN BY KENNEDY.

JOHNSON AND HIS WIFE SPENT PART OF THE DAY RESTING IN THEIR HOTEL SUITE AND SHOWED NO INCLINATION TO VENTURE INTO THE CHILLY 50-DEGREE WEATHER OUTSIDE.

ALTHOUGH THERE WAS NO OFFICIAL INDICATION FROM EITHER JOHNSON OR FRENCH SOURCES, IT WAS UNDERSTOOD HE WOULD LIKE TO PAY A CALL ON PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE.

THIS WOULD GIVE A MEMBER OF THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION AN OPPORTUNITY TO HEAR FIRST-HAND DE GAULLE'S DESIRES FOR A REORGANIZATION OF (NATO) TO INCLUDE AFRICA AND THE MIDDLE EAST. DE GAULLE ALSO INSISTS ON A BIGGER VOICE IN STRATEGIC PLANNING BY THE WEST. PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS BEEN COOL TO DE GAULLE'S CONCEPTION OF NATO AND THE ROLE OF FRANCE.

ONE OF THE SUBJECTS TO BE DISCUSSED BY SOME 200 PARLIAMENTARIANS FROM THE 15 NATO NATIONS IS THE GLOBAL CHARACTER OF NATO RESPONSIBILITIES AND AN ENLARGEMENT OF THE GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS OF THE ALLIANCE. POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF EAST-WEST RIVALRY AND AID TO UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS ARE ALSO ON THE AGENDA.

GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN EUROPE, WILL GIVE A REVIEW OF NATO MILITARY STRENGTH.

THE PARLIAMENTARIANS' GROUP CAN MAKE NO DECISIONS BINDING ON THE MEMBER NATIONS, BUT IT SERVES AS A SOUNDING BOARD FOR NATO PLANNERS.

MEMBERS OF THE U.S. DELEGATION INCLUDE:

DEMOCRATIC SENS. J.W. FULBRIGHT, ARK.; J. ALLEN FREAR JR., DEL.; ESTES KEFAUVER, TENN.; MAUREEN NEUBERGER, ORE.; REPUBLICAN SENS. THOMAS H. KUCHEL, CALIF.; JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, KY.; ROMAN HRUSKA, NEB.; JACOB K. JAVITS, N.Y.

DEMOCRATIC REPS. WAYNE L. HAYS, OHIO; VICTOR L. ANFUSO, N.Y.; WINFIELD K. DENTON, IND.; FRANK E. SMITH, MISS.; HOMER THORNBERRY, TEX.; REPUBLICAN REPS. ROBERT R. BARRY, N.Y.; GORDON CANFIELD, N.J.; LAURENCE CURTIS, MASS.; PETER FRELINGHUYSEN JR., N.J.

DA242PES

A96

(120)

LONDON, NOV. 20 (AP)-THE LONDON TIMES SAID TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S MEASURES TO IMPROVE THE U.S. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS SHOULD GO FAR TO RESTORE CONFIDENCE IN THE DOLLAR.

"THE MEASURES PROPOSED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL CERTAINLY HAVE SOME UNCOMFORTABLE REPERCUSSIONS IN BRITAIN AND OTHER PARTS OF EUROPE," THE TIMES SAID IN AN EDITORIAL. "REDUCTION IN EXPENDITURE ON FAMILIES OF SERVICEMEN ABROAD IS AN OBVIOUS INSTANCE. BUT ALMOST CERTAINLY THERE HAS BEEN EXTRAVAGANCE IN FOREIGN MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT WHICH IT IS NATURAL, UNDER STRESS, TO ELIMINATE."

"RECENT VERY HEAVY PURCHASES OF GOLD AT HIGH MARKET PRICES INDICATED SOME LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN THE DOLLAR EVEN INSIDE THE UNITED STATES," THE NEWSPAPER SAID. "THE NEW AMERICAN MEASURES, THOUGH TAKEN RATHER LATE, SHOULD GO FAR TO RESTORE CONFIDENCE."

AF734PES

A64

(200)

BY LOYAL GOULD

BONN, GERMANY, NOV. 20 (AP)-WEST GERMANY WILL NO LONGER INSIST ON ABOLITION OF COMMUNIST TRAVEL CURBS ON BERLIN AS A PRECONDITION FOR A NEW TRADE PACT WITH EAST GERMANY, INFORMED SOURCES SAID TODAY. THESE SOURCES SAID BONN DECIDED ON THE NEW COURSE AFTER REALIZING IT WAS UNABLE TO FORCE EAST GERMANY INTO ACCEPTING CONDITIONS MADE LAST SEPTEMBER FOR CONTINUED INTERZONAL TRADE -- GUARANTEED ACCESS TO COMMUNIST - SURROUNDED BERLIN AND FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT WITHIN THAT CITY.

CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER APPARENTLY COULD NOT EXPECT ANY WRITTEN GUARANTEES WITHOUT BOOSTING THE TRADE TALKS TO A POLITICAL LEVEL. THIS WOULD HAVE IMPLIED BONN'S RECOGNITION OF EAST GERMANY, THE LAST THING THE AGED CHANCELLOR WANTS.

IN ADDITION, THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE HAVE FAILED TO PRESS ADENAUER'S CASE, APPARENTLY FEARING THE CONSEQUENCES IN EAST-WEST RELATIONS BY ANY CHANGE IN THEIR VIEW OF BERLIN'S FOUR-POWER STATUS. THE EAST GERMANS CLAIM JURISDICTION OVER THE ENTIRE DIVIDED CITY.

THE NEW DEVELOPMENT, COUPLED WITH RECENT ADENAUER STATEMENTS ABOUT THE NEED FOR ELASTICITY IN DEALING WITH THE EAST, HAS LED OBSERVERS TO BELIEVE THE CHANCELLOR HOPES BERLIN TRAFFIC WILL BE QUIETLY RESTORED WITHOUT RED INSISTANCE ON DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION.

WHEN ADENAUER CALLED FOR AN END TO INTERZONAL TRADE, THE EAST GERMANS ANNOUNCED THEY WOULD ONLY NEGOTIATE A NEW AGREEMENT WITH "THE APPROPRIATE WEST GERMAN ORGANS OF STATE."

GJ424PES

BY HENRY S. BRADSHAW

(ADVANCE) NEW DELHI, INDIA, NOV. 20 (AP)-A YEAR AFTER MILITARY DANGER FROM COMMUNIST CHINA APPEARED IN THE HIMALAYAS, INDIA IS SLOWLY BUILDING ROADS TOWARD ITS THREATENED BORDERS. RUSSIAN HELICOPTERS ARE ABOUT TO JOIN AMERICAN PLANES IN THE WORK.

ROADBUILDING RESULTS HAVE BEEN MEAGER SO FAR. FOR LACK OF ROADS, THE INDIAN ARMY IS STILL UNABLE TO MAINTAIN STRONG DEFENSIVE FORCES NEAR DISPUTED BORDERS WITH CHINESE TIBET.

COMMUNIST CHINA CLAIMS 51,000 SQUARE MILES THAT INDIA CONSIDERS HERS AND ACTUALLY CONTROLS 12,000 SQUARE MILES OF IT IN LADAKH. THE CHINESE HAVE LARGE ARMIES ON THE TIBETAN BORDERS WITH INDIA AND THE THREE LITTLE MOUNTAIN KINGDOMS BETWEEN THEM WHICH INDIA IS PLEDGED TO

DEFEND, NEPAL, SIKKIM AND BHUTAN.

BUILDING ROADS INTO THE WORLD'S LOFTIEST MOUNTAINS IS EXCEEDINGLY DIFFICULT. BUT MOMENTUM IS PICKING UP. THE BORDER ROAD AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD (CAPS BRDB) IS BUYING RUSSIAN HELICOPTERS AND SHOPPING FOR TRANSPORT PLANES AND EARTHMOVING EQUIPMENT TO SPEED THE WORK. IT IS CONSIDERING BUYING JAPANESE EARTHMOVING MACHINES.

THE BOARD IS A SEMI-MILITARY AGENCY HEADED BY PRIME MINISTER NEHRU. IT WAS SET UP LAST MARCH TO GIVE A HIGH-POWERED PUSH TO PREVIOUSLY LAGGING FRONTIER ROAD CONSTRUCTION. ITS DIRECTOR GENERAL, MAJ. GEN. K.N. DUBE, WAS GIVEN 150 MILLION RUPEES (\$31.5 MILLION) FOR THE JOB.

SPENDING SOME OF THE MONEY ON SOVIET EQUIPMENT FOR PREPARATION OF DEFENSES AGAINST COMMUNIST CHINA RAISED EYEBROWS IN NEW DELHI'S DIPLOMATIC COMMUNITY. THE DECISION TO BUY IN MOSCOW WAS TAKEN BY DEFENSE MINISTER V. K. KRISHNA MENON. SOME INDIAN NEWSPAPERS HAVE ACCUSED HIM OF BEING TOO FAVORABLE TO RUSSIA AND TOO SOFT TOWARD CHINA BUT SOME SUGGESTED MENON WANTED TO IMPRESS PEIPING WITH THE IDEA THAT MOSCOW SUPPORTS INDIA--TO A LIMITED EXTENT, ANYWAY.

THE DECISION ENDED BACKSTAGE STRUGGLES, PARTICULARLY OVER HELICOPTERS. AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH FIRMS HAVE TRIED TO SELL INDIA THE SPECIAL TYPES OF HIGH ALTITUDE HELICOPTERS NEEDED IN THE HIMALAYAS. KRISHNA MENON WON WITH THE ARGUMENT THAT RUSSIAN EQUIPMENT WAS THE



CHEAPEST AND COULD BE PAID FOR IN INDIAN RUPEES INSTEAD OF HARD WESTERN CURRENCIES, WHICH INDIA LACKS. RUSSIA ALSO OFFERED IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, WHEREAS WESTERN COUNTRIES WOULD HAVE HAD TO BUILD TO ORDER.

QUICK DELIVERY WAS THE DECISIVE FACTOR LAST SPRING WHEN INDIA BOUGHT FROM WASHINGTON 30 C119 FLYING BOXCARS. THE UNITED STATES PULLED THEM OUT OF AIR FORCE ACTIVE AND RESERVE UNITS. THEY ARE NOW SUPPLYING TROOPS NEAR THE DISPUTED LINE IN LADAKH.

BUT THE MOST IMPORTANT FACTOR IN BUILDING BORDER ROADS IS STILL THE HUMAN ONE. INDIA'S MOUNTAIN ROADS HAVE BEEN BUILT BY MEN WITH PICKS AND SHOVELS AND WOMEN CARRYING STONES AND BREAKING ROCKS FOR GRAVEL. EARTHMOVING AND DRILLING MACHINES PLUS HELICOPTERS AND PLANES TO

MOVE THEM WILL NOT ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR MASSED MANPOWER, MUCH OF WHICH IS SUPPLIED BY TIBETAN REFUGEES.

ND ADVANCE FOR MONDAY AMS NOV. 21 -- MOVED NOV. 19. WH738PES

A19 (450)

#### SEATO BUDGET (INTERPRETIVE)

BY TONY ESCODA

BANGKOK, THAILAND, NOV. 20 (AP)--DOUBTS ABOUT THE ABILITY OF THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO) TO COPE WITH COMMUNIST ADVANCES ARE CROPPING UP DESPITE TOUGH TALK BY THE ALLIANCE'S MILITARY ADVISERS HERE LAST WEEK.

THE MILITARY MEN ARE REPORTED PLANNING A QUICK OVERHAUL OF SEATO'S DEFENSE PLANNING, BUT THIS MAY NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO COPE WITH THE REDS ON THE POLITICAL LEVEL WHERE THEY NOW ARE MAKING HEADWAY IN LAOS.

ANXIETY IN THIS SEATO HEADQUARTERS CITY WAS HEIGHTENED TODAY BY REPORTS THAT THE NEUTRALIST GOVERNMENT OF LAOS PLANS A COALITION WITH THE PRO-COMMUNIST PATHET LAO AND WILL SEEK AID FROM COMMUNIST CHINA AND NORTH VIET NAM.

THE GENERAL FEELING HERE IS THAT POLITICAL ACTION IS NEEDED AT SEATO'S HIGHEST LEVEL. THAT WOULD BE: THE COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE MEMBER COUNTRIES -- THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, PAKISTAN, PHILIPPINES AND THAILAND. BUT THE COUNCIL IS NOT SCHEDULED TO MEET UNTIL MARCH.

"BY THAT TIME IT MAY BE TOO LATE," ONE WESTERNER SAID.

SEATO'S MILITARY ADVISERS ENDED A THREE-DAY CONFERENCE FRIDAY WITH A PLEDGE TO MAINTAIN CONSTANT VIGILANCE AND TAKE "SUITABLE AND TIMELY ACTION SHOULD THE OCCASION DEMAND."

DELEGATES' SPEECHES AND THE FINAL COMMUNIQUE WENT FURTHER THAN MOST OBSERVERS HAD EXPECTED BY PINPOINTING LAOS AND TERRORIST-PLAGUED SOUTH VIET NAM AS THE PRIME SOURCES OF SEATO CONCERN.

THIS IS MORE THAN SEATO HAD DONE SINCE THE AUG. 9 COUP IN VIETNAME TOUCHED OFF THE PRESENT LAOTIAN CRISIS AND PAVED THE WAY FOR A NEW COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN TO GAIN POWER DEEP IN THE HEART OF THE SEATO AREA.

SEATO'S HANDS SEEM TIED BY ITS CHARTER.

WHEN THE ANTI-COMMUNIST ALLIANCE WAS FORMED IN 1954 UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF JOHN FOSTER DULLES, THEN U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE, THE IDEA WAS TO SURROUND THE POWER VACUUM LEFT IN INDOCHINA BY THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE FRENCH AFTER A LONG AND COSTLY WAR.

THE NEWLY INDEPENDENT INDOCHINESE STATES--LAOS, CAMBODIA AND SOUTH VIET NAM -- WERE DECLARED OUT OF BOUNDS TO MILITARY ALLIANCES BY THE AGREEMENTS ENDING THE WAR. BUT A SPECIAL CLAUSE IN THE SEATO CHARTER EXTENDED THE PROTECTION OF THE ALLIANCE TO THE THREE STATES IN THE EVENT OF OUTSIDE AGGRESSION OR INTERNAL DISORDER THAT MIGHT ENDANGER THE TREATY AREA.

THE HITCH IS THAT SEATO PROTECTION CAN ONLY COME "AT THE INVITATION OR WITH THE CONSENT OF THE GOVERNMENT CONCERNED." AND IT IS HIGHLY UNLIKELY THAT LAOS' NEUTRALIST PREMIER, PRINCE

30.24-13467

SOUVANNA PHOUMA, WILL EVER ASK FOR SEATO INTERVENTION.

THAILAND, THE CLOSEST SEATO COUNTRY TO THE DANGER ZONE, HAS BEEN OPENLY UPSET BY SEATO'S INACTION. IT SHARES THE LONG NORTHEASTERN BORDER WITH LAOS AND WOULD BE PARTICULARLY VULNERABLE IF THAT NEIGHBORING KINGDOM WENT COMMUNIST.

THE MILITARY ADVISERS' CONFERENCE HAD OPENED WITH WARNINGS FROM THAILAND AND THE PHILIPPINES THAT SEATO FACES A VIRTUAL TEST OF STRENGTH IN LAOS AND SOUTH VIET NAM.

ALTHOUGH NOT OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED, CONFERENCE SOURCES SAID THE ADVISERS AGREED TO UPDATE SEATO'S DEFENSE PLANNING ALONG LINES PROPOSED BY THAILAND.

THE THAIS INSIST ON A CHANGE BECAUSE THEY CONTEND COMMUNIST

INFLUENCE IN LAOS OUTDATES THE CURRENT STATUS OF LAOS AS A BUFFER BETWEEN NON-COMMUNIST SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE COMMUNIST BLOC TO THE NORTH.

CURRENT SPECULATION ON SEATO'S NEXT STEP RANGES FROM THE POSSIBILITY OF REVAMPING SEATO'S CHARTER, LOOSENING THE CLAUSE COVERING THE THREE INDOCHINESE STATES OR ADOPTING A STRONGER COLLECTIVE POSTURE.

GJ116PES

A15 (250)

PARIS, NOV. 20 (AP)--U.S. SOURCES SAID TODAY PRACTICALLY COMPLETE AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED ON A CHARTER FOR A NEW BODY TO REPLACE THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OECE).

THE NEW GROUPING, TO BE CALLED THE ORGANIZATION FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT (OECD), WILL INCLUDE AS MEMBERS THE 18 OECE PARTNERS, PLUS THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA ARE NONVOTING ASSOCIATE MEMBERS OF THE OECE.

THE NEW CHARTER IS EXPECTED TO BE PUBLISHED LATER THIS MONTH, PRIOR TO RATIFICATION BY THE MEMBER GOVERNMENTS.

THE OECE WAS FORMED FOLLOWING WORLD WAR II TO AID IN THE REBUILDING OF WESTERN EUROPE. ONE OF ITS MAJOR FUNCTIONS WAS DISTRIBUTING U.S. MARSHALL PLAN AID.

IN THE LAST YEAR, PRINCIPALLY THROUGH THE INITIATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES, REORGANIZATION OF OECE HAS BEEN IN PROGRESS. THE UNITED STATES FEELS THAT, WITH THE CLEAR POSTWAR RECOVERY OF WESTERN EUROPE, AIMS OF THE ORGANIZATION SHOULD BE ALTERED.

AMONG THE AIMS OF THE OECD WILL BE INCREASED AID TO SUCH LESSER DEVELOPED NATIONS AS GREECE AND TURKEY AND PROGRESS TOWARD FREER TRADE. EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO BRING TOGETHER THE TWO TRADING BLOCS IN WESTERN EUROPE, THE SIX-NATION COMMON MARKET AND THE OUTER SEVEN ORGANIZATION, WHOSE MEMBERSHIP OVERLAPS WITH THE OECE.

THE NEW ORGANIZATION, UNDER U.S. INSISTENCE, IS EXPECTED TO BE LOOSER THAN THE OECE. MEMBERS WILL HAVE A RIGHT TO BLOCK A DECISION.

THE NEW GROUPING, BESIDES THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, GREECE AND TURKEY, WILL INCLUDE FRANCE, BRITAIN, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS, LUXEMBOURG, SPAIN, PORTUGAL, SWEDEN, DENMARK, NORWAY, SWITZERLAND, AUSTRIA, ICELAND AND IRELAND.

PRELIMINARY NEGOTIATIONS FOR THE NEW ORGANIZATION WERE CONDUCTED BY U.S. UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE C. DOUGLAS DILLON.

DA1247PES



AS7

(170)

HELSINKI, FINLAND, NOV. 20 (AP)--PRESIDENT URHO KEKKONEN LEFT TODAY FOR MOSCOW TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE RUSSIANS ON CONDITIONS BY WHICH FINLAND COULD ASSOCIATE WITH THE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA (EFTA).

SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS ALREADY GIVEN TENTATIVE APPROVAL TO THE FINNS WORKING WITH THE BRITISH-LED WESTERN TRADE BLOC, KNOWN AS THE "OUTER SEVEN," WITHOUT ACTUALLY JOINING.

THE RUSSIANS ARE INSISTING, HOWEVER, ON FINLAND RESPECTING THE MOST FAVORED NATION CLAUSE IN ITS TRADE PACT WITH THE SOVIET UNION. THE FINNS HAVE AGREED TO THIS CONDITION.

THE FINNISH GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER MAAKANSÄ SAID THAT EFTA MUST UNDERSTAND THAT THIS "MOST FAVORED NATION CLAUSE" WITH THE RUSSIANS MUST REMAIN AND DECLARED:

"SHOULD THE EFTA NATIONS FAIL TO UNDERSTAND THIS, IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO WORK IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE SEVEN-NATION TRADE BLOC."

THE SOVIET UNION IS FINLAND'S BIGGEST CUSTOMER.

DURING A VISIT TO HELSINKI IN SEPTEMBER KHRUSHCHEV REMINDED THE FINNS OF ECONOMIC AID GIVEN THEM BY THE RUSSIANS.

HE SAID THE SOVIET UNION IS AGAINST ALL WESTERN BLOCS--TRADE OR POLITICAL--BUT HE UNDERSTOOD "FINLAND'S DESIRE TO REMAIN COMPETITIVE IN WESTERN MARKETS" AND WAS WILLING TO DISCUSS IT.

KEKKONEN TOOK WITH HIM A 14-MAN DELEGATION THAT INCLUDED TRADE EXPERTS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF ALL FINNISH POLITICAL PARTIES.

KL230PED

A104WX

(WX LOCALS OUT)

(170) SOBELL

WASHINGTON, NOV. 20 (AP)--AN ESTIMATED 200 PERSONS DEMONSTRATED IN FRONT OF THE WHITE HOUSE TONIGHT, URGING THE RELEASE OF MORTON SOBELL, IMPRISONED SINCE 1951 FOLLOWING ONE OF AMERICA'S MOST FAMOUS SPY TRIALS.

THE HOUR-LONG MARCH CLIMAXED A WEEKEND OF MEETINGS AIMED AT WINNING FREEDOM FOR SOBELL, WHO WAS CONVICTED AS AN ACCOMPLICE OF JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG. THE ROSENBERGS WERE EXECUTED AS 'ATOMIC SPIES. SOBELL WAS SENTENCED TO 30 YEARS IN FEDERAL PRISON.

A GROUP OF PROTESTANT MINISTERS STOOD RECITING PRAYERS AND BIBLICAL PASSAGES AS THE DEMONSTRATORS MARCHED BACK AND FORTH ALONG PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

AT ANOTHER END OF THE WHITE HOUSE GROUNDS, GEORGE LINCOLN ROCKWELL AND HIS KHAKI-CLAD MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN NAZI PARTY CARRIED ON A COUNTER-DEMONSTRATION. SEVERAL DOZEN POLICEMEN STOOD BY BUT NO TROUBLE WAS REPORTED.

THE SOBELL MARCHERS, DESCRIBING THEMSELVES AS REPRESENTING ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES, SAID A PETITION SIGNED BY 1,000 CLERGYMEN WILL BE PRESENTED AT THE WHITE HOUSE TOMORROW. IT WILL ASK EITHER THAT SOBELL BE GIVEN A NEW TRIAL OR THAT THE REMAINDER OF HIS SENTENCE BE COMMUTED.

SOBELL, NOW IN THE ATLANTA FEDERAL PRISON, HAS MAINTAINED HE IS INNOCENT.

C7920PES

1961